



Annex: Trombó baix

Obra obligada 1: Concertino per trombó baix. Ernst Sachse.

Obra obligada 2: Monologue. Jérôme Naulais.

Fragments de repertori:

- Air varié sur un thème suisse. Jean-Baptiste Mohr.
- Extreme Make-over. Johan de Meij.
- Simfonia n. 9. Ludwig van Beethoven.
- Simfonia per a banda. Paul Hindemith
- Obertura 2021. Israel Quintas Alonso.
- La condemna de Faust: Marxa hongaresa. Hector Berlioz.
- La Creació: Núm. 26, Cor. Joseph Haydn.
- Háy János. Zoltán Kodály.
- Lohengrin. Richard Wagner.
- Tannhäuser. Richard Wagner.

Air varié sur un thème suisse
[3/4, Vivo]

Handwritten musical score for "Air varié sur un thème suisse" in 3/4 time, marked Vivo. The score consists of five staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a 3/4 time signature. It includes the word "tutti" written above the staff and "pizz" written below. The second staff continues the melody with various musical notations including slurs and ties. The third staff features a series of beamed sixteenth notes. The fourth staff includes a section marked "pizz" and ends with a double bar line. The fifth staff begins with a new key signature of two sharps (D major) and continues the musical theme.

Simfonia n. 9
Extracțe 1

Allegro energico, sempre ben marcato $\text{♩} = 84$

Viol. II Fl., Ob.

670 **O**

682 **P** 1

696

709 **Q**

719 **R** 32

Extracțe 2

Andante maestoso $\text{♩} = 72$

595

608 **N**

618

Simfonia per a banda

Extracte 1

[Mov 1, Moderately fast, with vigor, blanca = 88-92]

I

123 *f*

127 *f* *Cornet Solo* *mf* 8

J

139 *mf* *cresc.*

143

147 *ff*

151

K

155

Extracte 2

[Mov. 3, Rather broad, blanca = 100]

M Poco più largamente
f marc.

180

N

188 *cresc.*

195 *ff*

O

203 *ff*

214

220

Obertura 2012

[Allegro con furia, negra amb punt 132]

87 Poco menos

fp

f *mf*

Allegro con furia $\text{♩} = 120 - 126$
solo
142

La condemnció de Faust

Allegro marcato ($\text{♩} = 88$)

94

99 *mf* *ff* *ff*

105

La Creació

Vivace

5

9

Háry János

Alla Marcia $\text{♩} = 108$

III. 4

p

f *ff* *ff*

dim. *p* *pp* *fff*

Poco meno mosso *gliss.* *gliss.* *gliss.* *pesante* *gliss.*

f *ff* *f* *ff*

ff *cresc.* *ff*

Lohengrin

Sehr lebhaft

32

37

43

95

102

109

ff *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

dim. *p*

Tannhäuser

Ouvertüre. - Overture. - Ouverture.
Allegro. $\text{♩} = 40$
zu 3

ff
(Gnadenheil-M.).

The musical score is written for five staves. The first four staves are in bass clef, and the fifth staff is in treble clef. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is 3/4. The tempo is marked 'Allegro' with a note value of 40. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a bracketed section labeled 'zu 3'. The second staff has a dynamic marking of 'ff' and a note '(Gnadenheil-M.)'. The third staff has a '1.2.' marking. The fourth staff has a '3.' marking and a 'ff' dynamic. The fifth staff has a 'ff' dynamic and a '3.' marking. The score ends with a double bar line.



Annex: Trombó tenor

Obra obligada 1: Concertino per a trombó i orquestra op. 4. Ferdinand David.

Obra obligada 2: Parable XVIII, for solo trombone. Vincent Persichetti.

Fragments de repertori:

- Polifemo y Galatea. Andrés Valero-Castells.
- Estigia. Francisco Tamarit Fayos.
- Vents del garbí. Josep Miquel Martínez Giménez.
- La Dolorosa. José Serrano Simeón.
- Homenaje a Sorolla. Bernardo Adam Ferrero.
- Requiem. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart.
- Boléro. Maurice Ravel transc. Pierre Dupont
- Simfonia n. 3. Gustav Mahler.
- Simfonia n. 3. Camille Saint-Saëns.
- Guillem Tell, obertura. Gioacchino Rossini, transc. d'arxiu.

Polifemo y Galatea

233 1^o Cadenia (canto de Polifemo)

f

238 *ff* *ff* *p* *f* *mf* 240

242 *n* *f*

248 *mf* 250 *ff* *p* III

I V III

252 *mp* *mf* *f*

255 260

262

265 *mp* *f*

in tempo ♩ = 50

268 *pp* *n*

The musical score is written for a single bass line. It begins with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The first system (measures 233-238) starts with a forte (*f*) dynamic and includes a first finger (I) and a sixth finger (VI) fingering. The second system (measures 238-242) features a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, a piano (*p*) dynamic, and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The third system (measures 242-248) includes a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The fourth system (measures 248-252) includes a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fifth system (measures 252-255) includes a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic, a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The sixth system (measures 255-260) includes a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The seventh system (measures 260-265) includes a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The eighth system (measures 265-268) includes a mezzo-piano (*mp*) dynamic and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The ninth system (measures 268-272) includes a piano-piano (*pp*) dynamic and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The score concludes with a tempo marking of *in tempo* and a metronome marking of ♩ = 50.

Estigia

Lento maestoso

Solo

espress.

38

39

40

libremente

f *pp*

espr. *mf* *rubato* *p*

42

espr. *Allegro* *Lento maestoso*

dim *espr.*

43

Allegro

dim

Detailed description: This musical score for 'Estigia' is written for a solo instrument. It begins with a 'Lento maestoso' tempo and a 'Solo' marking. The first system (measures 38-39) features a melodic line with a 'espress.' (expressive) marking. The second system (measures 40-41) includes a 'libremente' (ad libitum) section with a dynamic shift from 'f' (forte) to 'pp' (pianissimo). The third system (measures 42-43) shows a 'rubato' section with dynamics of 'mf' (mezzo-forte) and 'p' (piano), followed by an 'Allegro' section and a return to 'Lento maestoso'. The score concludes with a 'dim' (diminuendo) and 'espr.' marking.

Vents del Garbí

Senza measure

Solo e rubato

accel. *ten.* *tr.*

f *ff*

accel. *rall.* *mp*

rall. *accel.*

f *ff* *f* *ff*

Detailed description: This musical score for 'Vents del Garbí' is written for a solo instrument. It begins with a 'Senza measure' (without measure) and 'Solo e rubato' marking. The first system (measures 1-3) features a melodic line with a 'f' (forte) dynamic, followed by an 'accel.' (accelerando) section and a 'ten.' (tension) section. The second system (measures 4-6) includes a 'rall.' (ritardando) section with a dynamic shift from 'ff' (fortissimo) to 'mp' (mezzo-piano). The third system (measures 7-9) shows a 'rall.' section followed by an 'accel.' section, with dynamics of 'f' and 'ff'. The score concludes with a 'f' dynamic.

La Dolorosa

5 Allegretto

2

solo

mf

6

f

p

7 Lento

f

p

f

8

Allgto.

Mod.

Allgto.

mf

poco agitato

10

Mod.

p

poco rall.

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a piece titled 'La Dolorosa'. It consists of two systems of music. The first system contains measures 5 through 7. Measure 5 is marked 'Allegretto' and '2'. Measure 6 is marked 'f' and 'p'. Measure 7 is marked 'Lento' and 'f'. The second system contains measures 8 through 10. Measure 8 is marked 'Allgto.' and 'Mod.'. Measure 9 is marked 'Allgto.' and 'poco agitato'. Measure 10 is marked 'Mod.' and 'poco rall.'. The score is written in bass clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). It includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

Homenaje a Sorolla

Andantino, quasi Allegretto ($\text{♩} = 72-76$)

ff 3 *f* 3 *sfz* *sfz* *sfz* *f* solo

20 *a piacere*

30 *a tempo*

90 *solo* *Menos, quasi recitativo*

Allegro maestoso ($\text{♩} = 108$)

f

Tempo 1° ($\text{♩} = 108$)

Tempo 1° ($\text{♩} = 108$)

Requiem

Andante
Solo

10 8 15 27

f *fp*

[Allegro]

30 12 16 20 24 28 32 36 40 44

f

Adagio

Boléro (2 extractes)

[Tempo di Bolero
moderato assai
3/4, negra = 72]

SOLO

mf sostenuto

gliss.

11

ff possibile

VIIII

11

[2/2]

Extracete 2

33 Zeit lassen.

p *espressivo*

Nicht eilen.

Etwas drängend.

cresc.

rit.

34 Wieder a tempo.

Nicht eilen.

fn

Extrakte 3

[2/2, Tempo primo, Schwer aber unmerklich zurückhaltend]

58 *ff* *sempre ff* *Riten.* *3* *3*

a tempo *ff* *sempre ff* *accel.* *3* *tempo* *accel.*

Tempo. Pesante. *3* *accel.* *Tempo. Pesante.* *3* *60 Ruhig.* *p*

Sehr getragen. *f* *mf* *p* *espress.* *p*

Zeit lassen. Molto portamento. *pp*

61 Vorwärts. *accel.* *rit.* *Sehr gesangvoll, molto rit.* *pp* *verklingend*

1 *Langsam.* *62 Tempo I.* *2* *13* *63 8* *64 (Triangel.)*

pppp

Simfonia n. 3

Poco adagio *9* *1^{re} V^{os}* *Altos* *Velles*

Orgue *pp*

Q *1^{er} Tromb.* *p* *poco cresc.*

2 *R* *8* *Orgue*

1^{er} Tromb. *p*

S *pp*

Granobón 3^a

Andante $\text{F} \flat$ $\text{B} \flat$ $\frac{3}{4}$ 30 A 6 B 7 C 32 D 32

Allegro E F

Handwritten musical score for "Granobón 3ª" by Guillem Tell. The score is written on ten staves. The first staff is a treble clef with a key signature of two flats (F major/B minor) and a 3/4 time signature. It contains a sequence of numbers (30, 6, 7, 32, 32) with circled letters A, B, C, and D above them. The second staff is a treble clef with a key signature of two flats and a 4/4 time signature. It contains a sequence of notes and rests, with circled letters E and F above them. The remaining staves continue the musical notation with various note values, rests, and accidentals. There are two purple circular stamps in the top right corner, one reading "CENTRO DE INVESTIGACIONES MUSICALES" and the other "ARCHIVO".



Annex: Trompeta

Obra obligada 1: Concert per trompeta. Joseph Haydn.

Obra obligada 2: Parable XIV, for solo trumpet. Vincent Persichetti.

Fragments de repertori:

Amb la trompeta:

- Parsifal, preludi. Richard Wagner.
- Petruixka. Ígor Stravinski.
- Simfonia n. 5. Gustav Mahler.
- Adagio para orquesta de instrumentos de viento. Joaquín Rodrigo.
- Fanfare for the Common Man. Aaron Copland.
- Air varié sur un thème suisse. Jean-Baptiste Mohr. (trompeta)

Amb el fliscorn:

- Air varié sur un thème suisse. Jean-Baptiste Mohr. (fliscorn)
- Alma de Dios. José Serrano.
- Danzas fantásticas: Orgía. Joaquín Turina, transc. Pascual Marquina
- Los gavilanes. Jacinto Guerrero.

Parsifal

Sehr langsam 8 I. Trp. in F

pp sehr zart *sf* *p* *dim.*

piu p *p* sehr zart

sf *dim.* *pp*

Petruixka

(116) I II Trp in B *sim.*

fff con sord. *f* *fff*

(117) *mf* *fff* (118) 1

Lu II. in B 1 *f* senza sord.

(134) 8 I Solo in B (135) senza sord.

mf *p* *mf*

(136) *p* (137) *mf*

(138) *mf*

(140) Lento cantabile [ca. 72] I. in B Solo 4

mf ben cantabile (141) 1

(142) *f* *mp* (143) Allegretto 7

G.P. (144) 8 *f* *mp*

Simfonia n. 5

In gemessenem Schritt. Streng. Wie ein Kondukt [♩ ca. 63]

I. in B

6

12

19

p *sf* *sf* *sf* *sf*

sf *mollo f* *f* (Triole: flüchtig) *sf*

sf *ff* *ff* *sempre ff*

f *ff* *p* **Pesante**

Fanfare for the Common Man

[En sib. 4/4, Very deliberately, negra 52]

marcato nobile

10

15

20

27

32

37

42

ff *ff* *pesante*

broaden

Adagio para orquesta de instrumentos de viento

[En do]

Extracete 1

[Adagio, 3/4]

Extracete 1 is a musical score for five staves, all in treble clef and key of D major (two sharps). The time signature is 3/4. The tempo is Adagio. The score begins with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The first staff contains a melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The second staff features a similar melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The third staff continues the melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The fourth staff features a melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The fifth staff continues the melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The score is written in a single system.

Extracete 2

[Allegro moderato, 2/4]

Extracete 2 is a musical score for five staves, all in treble clef and key of D major (two sharps). The time signature is 2/4. The tempo is Allegro moderato. The score begins with a melodic line in the first staff. The second staff features a melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The third staff continues the melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The fourth staff features a melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The fifth staff continues the melodic line with a sixteenth-note triplet. The score is written in a single system. A tempo change to 'PIU MODERATO' is indicated above the second staff. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Air varié sur un thème suisse (trompeta)
[En sib. Clau de sol, 3/4, Andante, sib a l'armadura]
Extracte 1



Extracte 2

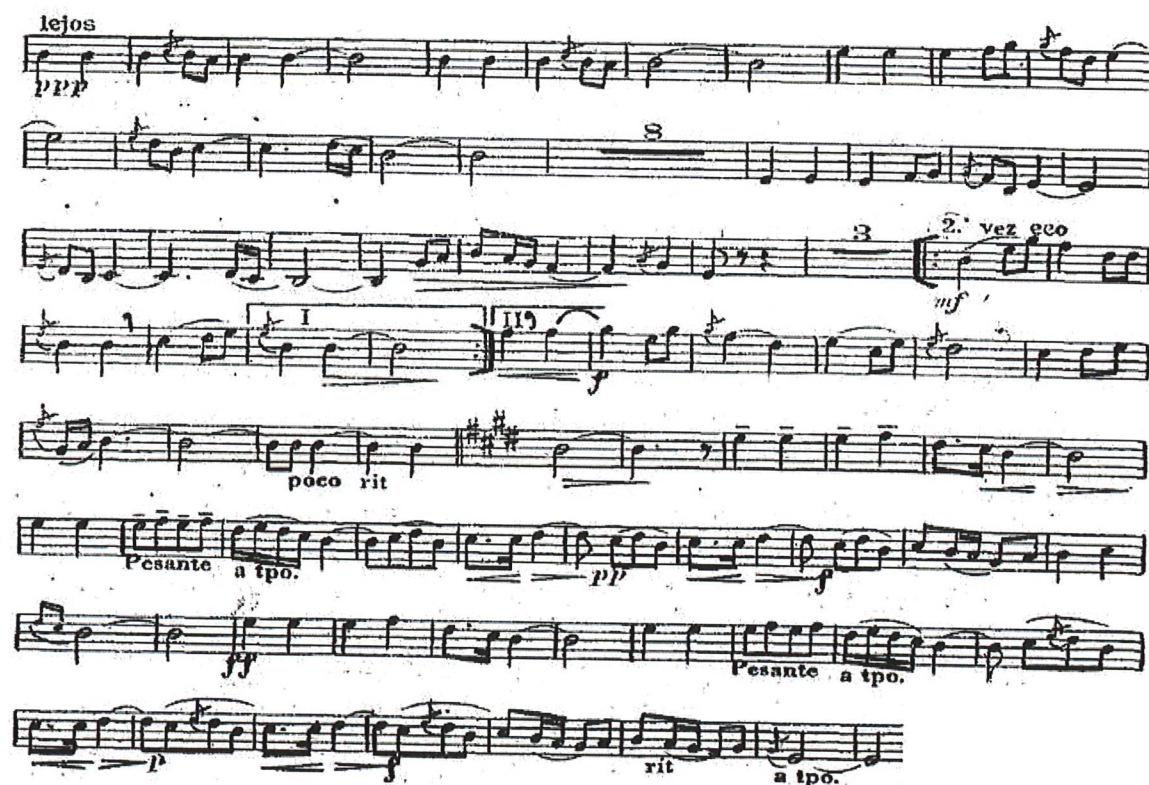


Air varié sur un thème suisse (fliscorn)



Alma de Dios

[Clau de sol, 2/4, Canción húngara, armadura fa# a l'inici]



Danzas fantásticas. Orgía

Extrakte 1

Alleg^{ro} mosso quasi allegro.

con bris.

con sentimento salvaje.

ritenendo.

The musical score for Extrakte 1 consists of five staves. The first staff begins with the tempo marking 'Alleg^{ro} mosso quasi allegro.' and the instruction 'con bris.' above the notes. The second and third staves continue the melodic line. The fourth staff features the instruction 'con sentimento salvaje.' and a first ending bracket labeled '1'. The fifth staff concludes with the instruction 'ritenendo.'

Extrakte 2

cres.

dim.

pp

poco cediendo.

mf

The musical score for Extrakte 2 consists of eight staves. The first staff has a measure marked with a '5' above it. The second and third staves continue the melody. The fourth staff has a measure marked with a '6' above it. The fifth staff includes the markings 'cres.' and 'dim.' below the notes. The sixth staff begins with the dynamic marking 'pp' and has a measure marked with a '7' above it. The seventh staff includes the instruction 'poco cediendo.' and a measure marked with a '8' above it. The eighth staff concludes the section with a measure marked with a '9' above it. The final staff is a single line of music.

Los gavilanes

Allegretto.

The musical score is written for piano and guitar. The piano part is on the upper staves, and the guitar part is on the lower staves. The score includes various performance instructions and dynamics.

Performance Instructions and Dynamics:

- Piano:**
 - p* cantabile
 - rubato
 - rit
 - rit
 - a tempo
 - rubato
 - 1^a
 - accellerando
 - rit
 - 2^a
 - a tempo
 - rit
 - rit
 - p*
 - p*^{pp} despacio
 - rall molto
- Guitar:**
 - de  a 
 - y salta



Annex: Fagot

Obra obligada 1: Concert per fagot, K 191. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart.

Obra obligada 2: Iter. José María Bru. * Només les 3 primeres pàgines.

Fragments de repertori:

- Come Sunday. Omar Thomas.
- Daphnis et Chloé. Maurice Ravel, transc. d'arxiu.
- Extreme Make-over. Johan de Meij.
- Simfonia n. 2. Luis Serrano Alarcón.
- Listening Paris. Mickey Nicolas, arr. Désiré Dondeyne.
- Shéhérazade. Nikolai Rimski-Kórsakov, transc. d'arxiu.
- L'elisir d'amore, Una furtiva lacrima. Gaetano Donizetti.
- Les noces de Fígaro, obertura. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart.
- La consagració de la primavera. Ígor Stravinski.
- I vespri siciliani. Giuseppe Verdi.

Come Sunday

22 Steady ♩ = 55

mf

a tempo *poco rit.* *a tempo*

30

The musical score for 'Come Sunday' is written in 12/8 time. It begins with a key signature of two flats (Bb and Eb). The first system starts with a double bar line and a repeat sign, followed by a red bracket. The tempo is marked 'Steady ♩ = 55'. The second system includes the markings 'a tempo', 'poco rit.', and 'a tempo'. The score features various musical notations including eighth notes, quarter notes, and rests, with some measures containing triplets. A red bracket is also present at the end of the fourth system.

Daphnis et Chloé

[inici en clau de fa, compàs 5/4, Animé, armadura fa#, do#, sol#]

58

59

rit.

The musical score for 'Daphnis et Chloé' is written in 5/4 time. It begins with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The score is marked 'Animé'. It features complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes. The score is divided into systems, with measures 58 and 59 clearly marked. A red bracket is present at the beginning of the first system and at the end of the fourth system. The word 'rit.' is written below the fourth system.

Extreme Make-over
[negra 112]

403 **Finale** Bassoon II
pp (whispering)

408

413 *poco cresc.*

419 *p*

425

431 *mp*

The musical score is for Bassoon II, measures 403 to 431. It is in 2/4 time and B-flat major. The piece is titled 'Finale'. The score begins at measure 403 with a *pp* (whispering) dynamic. The melody is a descending eighth-note scale. At measure 408, the tempo and dynamics change to *poco cresc.* and *p*. The melody continues with triplets. At measure 419, the dynamic is *p*. At measure 425, the dynamic is *mp*. The score ends at measure 431 with a *mp* dynamic. A red bracket is drawn under measures 403 and 404.

Simfonia n. 2

Extracte 1. Primer moviment.

Maestoso [♩ = 82]

10 12

mf *f* *p*

15 *mf* *f* *p* *mf*

19 *p* *f* *p* *f*

23

27 *f* 5

Extracte 2

Poco più mosso [♩ = 88]

42 *fp* < *f* *fp* < *f* *p*

48 *f* *mf* < *sf* *f* *mf* < *f* *mp*

52 *accel* 53 *Poco più mosso* *sfz* *mf*

56 *poco accel.* *f* *mf* *cresc.*

60 *poco riten.* *f*

Listening Paris
[Allegro, negra 144]

Handwritten musical score for "Listening Paris" (Allegro, negra 144). The score is written on ten staves, featuring various musical notations, dynamics, and performance instructions.

Staff 1: Treble clef, key of D major (two sharps). Starts with a "Solo" instruction and a forte (*f*) dynamic. A slur covers a series of eighth notes. A box labeled "Z" is above a half note. The staff ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 2: Bass clef, key of D major. Starts with a circled double bar line. Features a half note, a triplet of eighth notes, and a slur. A box labeled "4" is above a half note. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 3: Bass clef, key of D major. Features a half note, a slur, and a box labeled "4". A box labeled "Z'" is above a half note. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 4: Bass clef, key of D major. Features a half note, a slur, and a box labeled "6". Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 5: Bass clef, key of D major. Starts with a "Rall." instruction. Features a half note, a slur, and a box labeled "1". Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 6: Treble clef, key of D major. Starts with a box labeled "AA" and "(♩: 96)". Features a series of eighth notes and a slur. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 7: Treble clef, key of D major. Features a series of eighth notes and a slur. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 8: Treble clef, key of D major. Features a series of eighth notes and a slur. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 9: Treble clef, key of D major. Features a series of eighth notes and a slur. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Staff 10: Bass clef, key of D major. Starts with a box labeled "BB" and a box labeled "6". Features a "Solo" instruction and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. A box labeled "cc" is above a half note. Ends with a circled double bar line.

Shéhérazade
 Extrait 1
 [en el to indicat]

Andantino.

Extrait 2
 [transportar: ha de sonar una novena inferior (do, re, mib...)]

Lento Solo.

L'elisir d'amore

Larghetto Solo

Le nozze di Figaro

Presto

I. II.

pp

5

101

p

104

112

120

133

f

135

139

pp

143

156

p

158

163

214

p

219

229

235

274

f

La consagració de la primavera

Lento $\text{♩} = 50$ tempo rubato

I. solo *ad lib.*

① poco accel.

a tempo

poco accel.

②

③

Più mosso $\text{♩} = 66$

p

f

très en dehors

f

sim.

mf

⑧

Tempo I

⑫

come prima

I vespri siciliani

[inici: podran demanar-se les dues veus]

Sinfonia Largo $\text{♩} = 52$

Soli p

p

I. Solo

p dolce

mf

mf

sempre cresc.

dim.

Allegro agitato $\text{♩} = 88$

... rall. e dim.

ff

Handwritten musical score for five staves, likely for a piano or guitar. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The notation includes various musical symbols and performance instructions:

- Staff 1:** Features a melodic line with slurs and a *Solo* marking. The tempo or mood is indicated as *espress.* (espressivo).
- Staff 2:** Continues the melodic line with a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking.
- Staff 3:** Includes a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking and a triplet of eighth notes. The dynamics shift to *f* (forte).
- Staff 4:** Features a *dim.* (diminuendo) marking and a triplet of eighth notes.
- Staff 5:** Ends with a triplet of eighth notes and a *f* (forte) dynamic marking.